

## EUROPEAN PASSENGER CAR SALES

### **Demand for PHEVs set to stagnate as BEVs steam ahead**

***LMC Automotive: “Tipping point” in sight for hybrids as incentives and production costs point to battery-electric cars dominating the plug-in vehicle market sooner than expected***

Oxford, 5 November 2018. After strong growth in recent years, European sales of plug-in hybrid electric vehicles (PHEVs) will dampen in the coming decade, according to LMC Automotive. The independent global automotive intelligence and forecasting specialist sees demand for PHEVs, which combine battery power and an internal combustion engine, tapering faster than expected as incentives and cost structures steadily turn in favour of battery-electric vehicles (BEVs).

As a transitional solution on the journey to zero-emission cars, the heyday of PHEVs, was always going to be temporary. But although PHEVs still have some momentum left after strong double-digit increases in sales in recent years – several new models are slated to appear in the next couple of years – the trend points to BEVs dominating the plug-in vehicle market faster than anticipated.

“As the major drivers of demand for plug-in vehicles, purchase and tax incentives will be the main killers for PHEVs,” says

Al Bedwell, director, global powertrain at LMC Automotive. “These vehicles will gradually lose their raison d’être as the cost benefits diminish.”

While offering the key advantage of eliminating the range anxiety associated with pure battery power, PHEVs have also enjoyed comparable incentives to BEVs in many markets. At least until recently. The UK, for example, changed its rules for electric vehicle purchase grants, effectively shutting currently available PHEVs out of the programme. This took effect in October, three weeks earlier than planned, after a spike in sales of still-eligible vehicles used up the remaining allotment of grants quicker than anticipated.

LMC Automotive sees PHEV sales falling dramatically in the UK as a result, as was the case in the Netherlands after a PHEV tax break reduction in 2015. Elsewhere, France withdrew PHEVs from its EV grant programme at the beginning of 2018, although it plans to include hybrid cars in an e-mobility car-scrapping scheme next year. Germany, meanwhile, is proposing to halve the company car tax for EVs as of January, a move expected to benefit PHEV sales. But this is unlikely to reverse the overall trend in Europe.



